1	2	3	4
24.	Tamil Nadu	413.04	413.04
25.	Tripura	46.47	46.47
26.	Uttaranchal	129.01	129.01
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1282.50	1282.50
28.	West Bengal	574.66	574.66
29.	A & N Islands	18.30	18.30
30.	Chandigarh	5.50	5.50
31.	D and N Haveli	6.00	6.00
32.	Daman and Diu	18.40	18.40
3i.	Delhi	48.36	48.36
34.	Lakshadweep	6.00	6.00
35.	Pondicherry	2.00	2.00
	TOTAL	6774.86	6774.86

Prevalence of HIV infection among pregnant women

4116. SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is an estimated 0.3 per cent prevalence of HIV infection among the pregnant women;

(b) if so, the steps proposed to be taken to prevent HIV carriage in the children; and

(e) the long-term strategies which are proposed to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) Yes. Sir.

(b) and (c) In view of the emerging threat of HIV, Government has initiated Mother to Child Transmission Programme in the country. NACO had undertaken the Feasibility study on prevention of Mother to Child transmission in 11 institutions located in five high prevalence States namely: Maharashtra (5), Tamil Nadu (3). Andhra Pradesh (1), Karnataka (1) and Manipur (1). Encouraged with the results in phase one Government is scaling up the programme in Medical Colleges of the six high prevalence States namely: Maharashtra. Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Manipur and Nagaland following by District hospitals in these States and the Medical Colleges of the other low prevalence States.